CLAIMS

- A pharmaceutical agent comprising 1) an LHRH receptor
 agonist or antagonist or a salt thereof in combination with 2)
 an androgen receptor agonist or a salt thereof.
 - 2. The pharmaceutical agent of claim 1, wherein the LHRH receptor agonist is leuprorelin.
- 3. The pharmaceutical agent of claim 1, wherein the androgen receptor agonist is a steroidal androgen receptor agonist.
 - 4. The pharmaceutical agent of claim 3, wherein the steroidal androgen receptor agonist is one or more compounds selected
- 15 from the group consisting of dehydroepiandrosterone, testosterone, dihydrotestosterone, androstenedione, Mestanolone, Oxymesterone, Methandrostenolone, Fluoxymesterone, Chlorotestosterone acetate, Methenolone acetate, Oxymetholone, Stanozolol, Furazabol, Oxandrolone, 19-Nortestosterone,
- Norethandrolone, Ethylestrenol and Norbolethone, or a salt thereof.
 - 5. The pharmaceutical agent of claim 1, wherein the androgen receptor agonist is a non-steroidal androgen receptor agonist.
- 6. The pharmaceutical agent of claim 1, which is an agent for the prophylaxis or treatment of a hormone-dependent disease.

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- 7. The pharmaceutical agent of claim 6, wherein the hormone-30 dependent disease is prostate cancer.
 - 8. The pharmaceutical agent of claim 1, wherein the LHRH receptor agonist or antagonist or a salt thereof is used as a

sustained-release preparation or an embedded agent.

9. The pharmaceutical agent of claim 8, wherein the sustained-release preparation is a sustained-release microcapsule.

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10. The pharmaceutical agent of claim 9, wherein the sustained-release microcapsule is a long-term sustained-release microcapsule that releases an LHRH receptor agonist or antagonist or a salt thereof for not less than 2 months.

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- 11. An agent for the prophylaxis or treatment of bone metastatic prostate cancer, which comprises an androgen receptor agonist or a salt thereof.
- 15 12. The agent of claim 11, wherein the bone metastatic prostate cancer cell is highly sensitive to androgen.
 - 13. The agent of claim 11, wherein the androgen receptor agonist is a steroidal androgen receptor agonist.

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- 14. The agent of claim 13, wherein the steroidal androgen receptor agonist is one or more compounds selected from the group consisting of dehydroepiandrosterone, testosterone, dihydrotestosterone, androstenedione, Mestanolone,
- Oxymesterone, Methandrostenolone, Fluoxymesterone,
 Chlorotestosterone acetate, Methenolone acetate, Oxymetholone,
 Stanozolol, Furazabol, Oxandrolone, 19-Nortestosterone,
 Norethandrolone, Ethylestrenol and Norbolethone, or a salt
 thereof.

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15. The agent of claim 11, wherein the androgen receptor agonist is a non-steroidal androgen receptor agonist.

- 16. An agent for the prophylaxis or treatment of prostate cancer, which comprises a non-steroidal androgen receptor agonist or a salt thereof.
- 5 17. The agent of claim 16, wherein the prostate cancer cell is highly sensitive to androgen.
- 18. A method for treating prostate cancer, which comprises administering an effective amount of an LHRH receptor agonist or antagonist or a salt thereof to a mammal, and after prostate cancer cell has become highly sensitive to androgen, administering an effective amount of an androgen receptor agonist or a salt thereof.
- 19. A method for treating breast cancer or uterine cancer, which comprises administering an effective amount of an LHRH receptor agonist or antagonist or a salt thereof to a mammal, and after breast cancer or uterine cancer cell has become highly sensitive to estrogen, administering an effective amount of an estrogen receptor agonist or a salt thereof.
- 20. A method for treating prostate cancer, which comprises administering an effective amount of an LHRH receptor agonist or antagonist or a salt thereof in combination with an 25 effective amount of an androgen receptor agonist or a salt thereof to a mammal.
- 21. A method for treating breast cancer or uterine cancer, which comprises administering an effective amount of an LHRH receptor agonist or antagonist or a salt thereof in combination with an effective amount of an estrogen receptor agonist or a salt thereof to a mammal.

- 22. A method for treating prostate cancer, which comprises administering an effective amount of an LHRH receptor agonist or antagonist or a salt thereof in combination with an effective amount of an androgen receptor agonist or a salt thereof to a mammal to shrink a prostate tumor, and then performing a surgery or radiation treatment.
- 23. A method for treating breast cancer or uterine cancer, which comprises administering an effective amount of an LHRH receptor agonist or antagonist or a salt thereof in combination with an effective amount of an estrogen receptor agonist or a salt thereof to a mammal to shrink a breast tumor or uterine tumor, and then performing a surgery or radiation treatment.

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- 24. A method for treating prostate cancer, which comprises 1) administering an androgen receptor agonist or a salt thereof to a highly androgen sensitive prostate cancer cell for a certain time period, 2) thereafter when the androgen

 20 sensitivity of the cancer cell has become lower, administering an effective amount of 1 or 2 compounds selected from an LHRH receptor agonist or antagonist and an antiandrogen drug, or a salt thereof, or when the androgen sensitivity of the cancer cell has increased, administering an effective amount of an

 25 androgen receptor agonist or a salt thereof, and 3) repeating the step 2) as necessary until an object of cancer treatment is achieved.
- 25. The method of claim 24, which comprises alternately
 30 administering an effective amount of 1) an androgen receptor
 agonist or a salt thereof and 2) 1 or 2 compounds selected
 from an LHRH receptor agonist or antagonist and an
 antiandrogen drug, or a salt thereof.

- 26. The method of claim 25, comprising changing the administration drug after a lapse of 3 months to 5 years.
- 5 27. A method for treating breast cancer or uterine cancer, which comprises 1) administering an estrogen receptor agonist or a salt thereof to a highly estrogen sensitive breast cancer or uterine cancer cell for a certain time period, 2) thereafter when the estrogen sensitivity of the cancer cell has become lower, administering an effective amount of 1 or 2 compounds selected from an LHRH receptor agonist or antagonist and an antiestrogen drug, or a salt thereof, or when the estrogen sensitivity of the cancer cell has increased, administering an effective amount of an estrogen receptor agonist or a salt thereof, and 3) repeating the step 2) as necessary until an object of cancer treatment is achieved.
- 28. The method of claim 27, which comprises alternately administering an effective amount of 1) an estrogen receptor agonist or a salt thereof and 2) 1 or 2 compounds selected from an LHRH receptor agonist or antagonist and an antiestrogen drug, or a salt thereof.
- 29. The method of claim 28, comprising changing the administration drug after a lapse of 3 months to 5 years.

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30. Use of an androgen receptor agonist or a salt thereof for the production of an agent for the prophylaxis or treatment of bone metastatic prostate cancer.

31. Use of a non-steroidal androgen receptor agonist or a salt thereof for the prophylaxis or treatment of prostate cancer.

- 32. Use of an LHRH receptor agonist or antagonist or a salt thereof for the production of a pharmaceutical agent comprising 1) an LHRH receptor agonist or antagonist or a salt thereof in combination with 2) an androgen receptor agonist or a salt thereof.
- 33. Use of an androgen receptor agonist or a salt thereof for the production of a pharmaceutical agent comprising 1) an LHRH receptor agonist or antagonist or a salt thereof in combination with 2) an androgen receptor agonist or a salt thereof.